

Using an ensemble of runs of a coupled model (labelled by n)

Look at annual mean surface air T and TOA longwave and shortwave fluxes.

$$T(n, t), \quad L(n, t), \quad S(n, t)$$

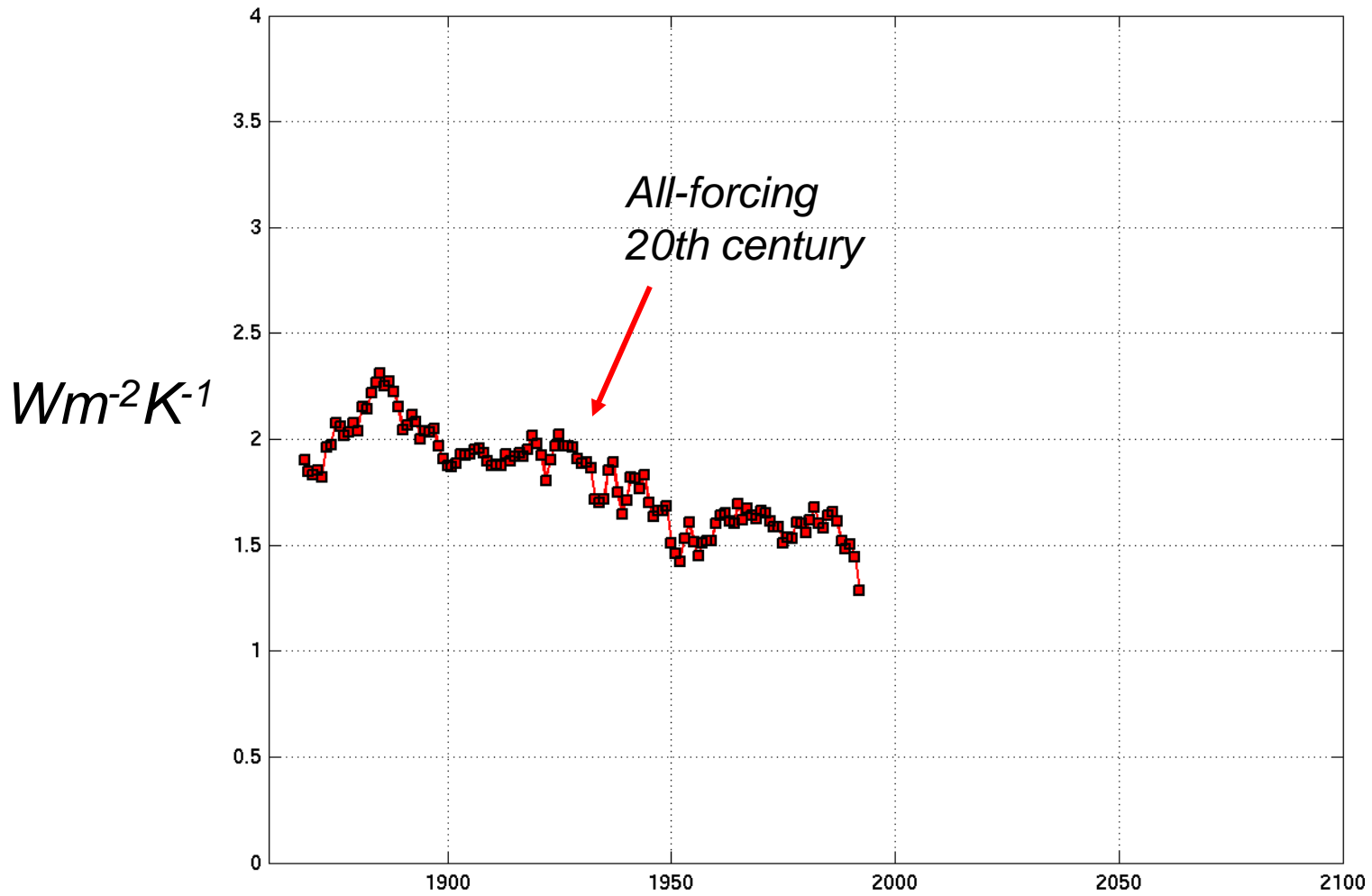
Regress L and S vs T **across ensemble n** for each year t .

Do these regressions evolve in time?

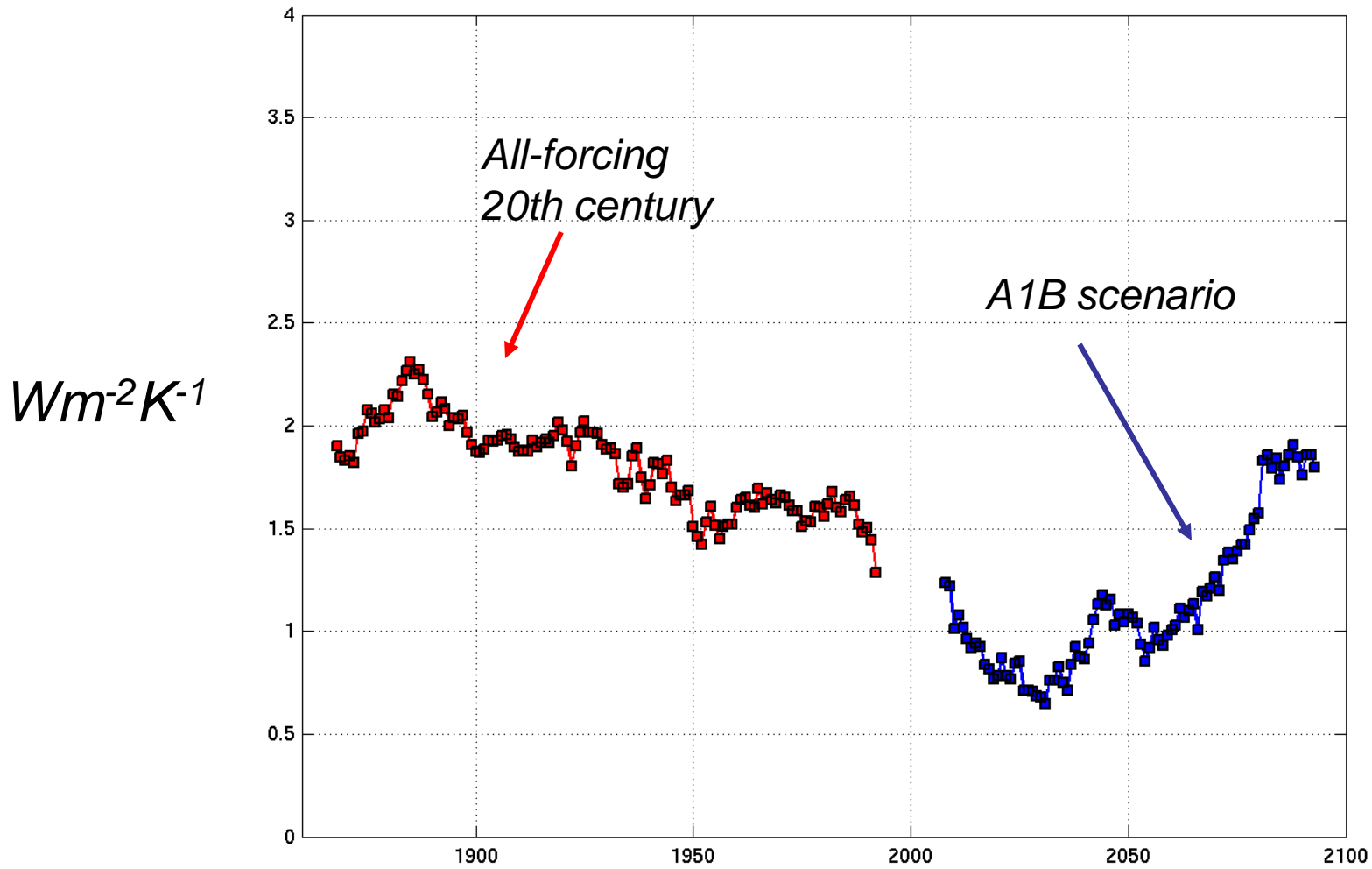
Started to look at this with Kyle Swanson in 2008 – seemed like a curiosity – not so sure any more.

Isaac Held, Ringberg, March 2014

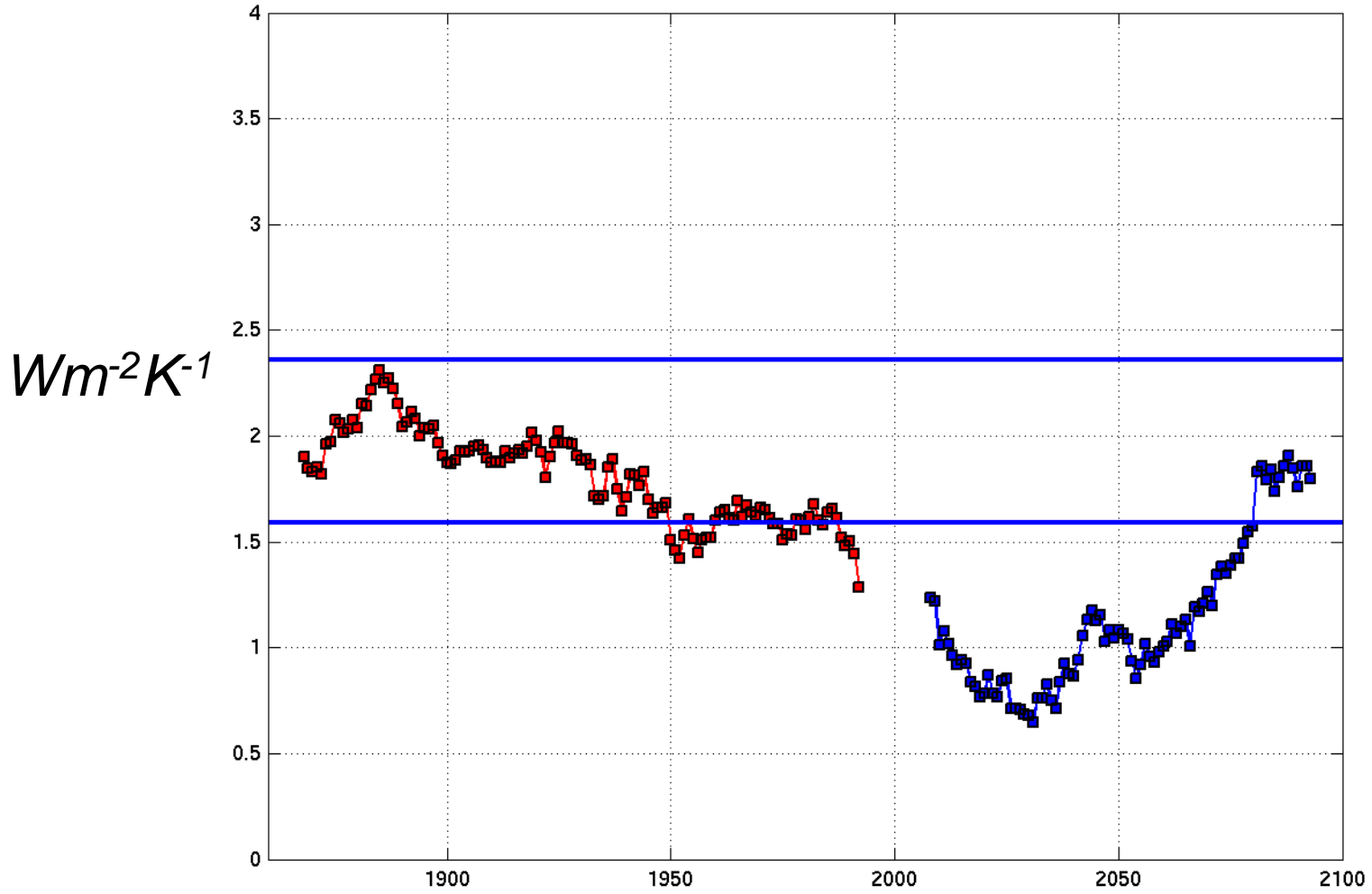
Longwave regression across ensemble



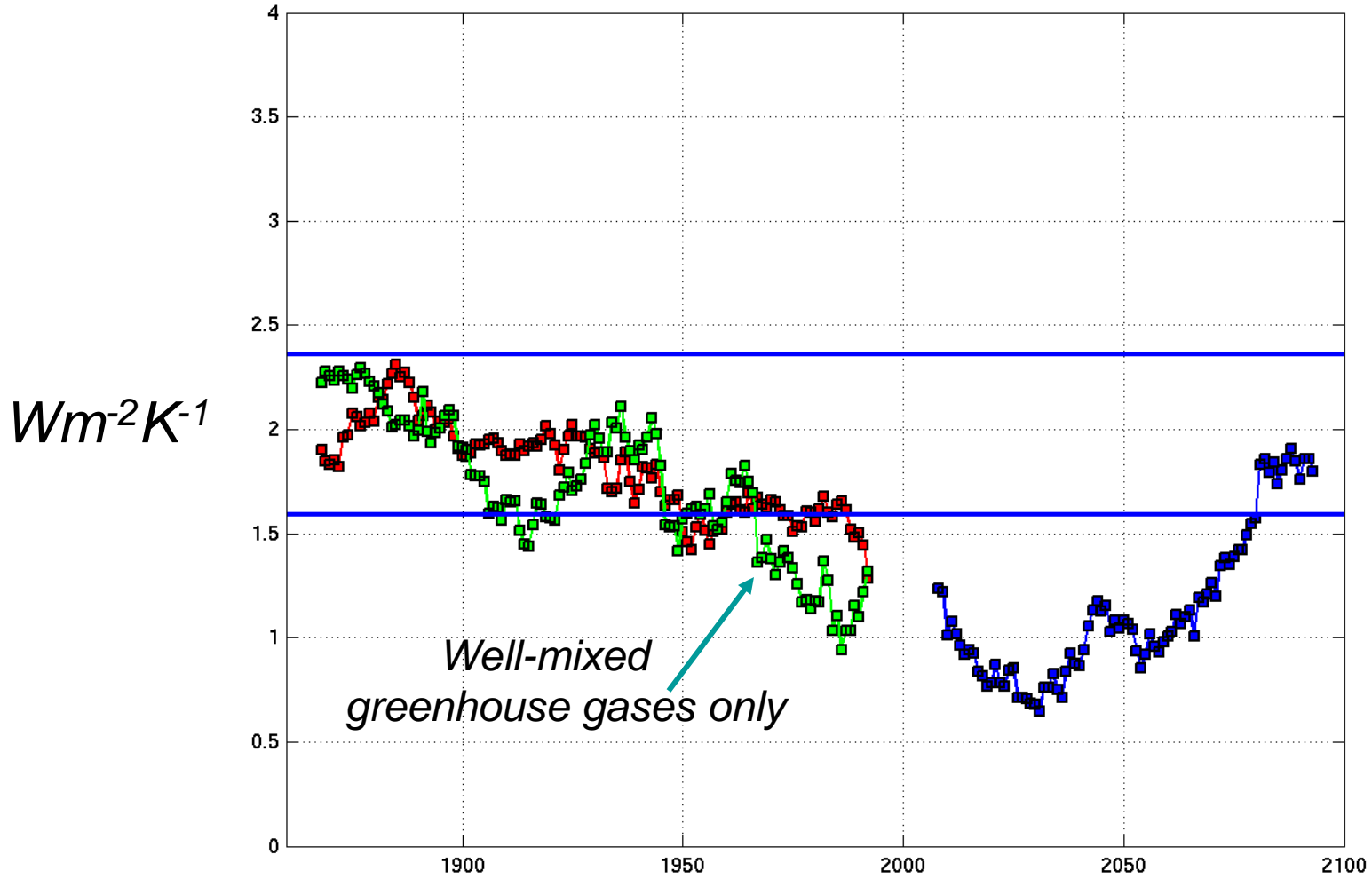
Longwave regression across ensemble



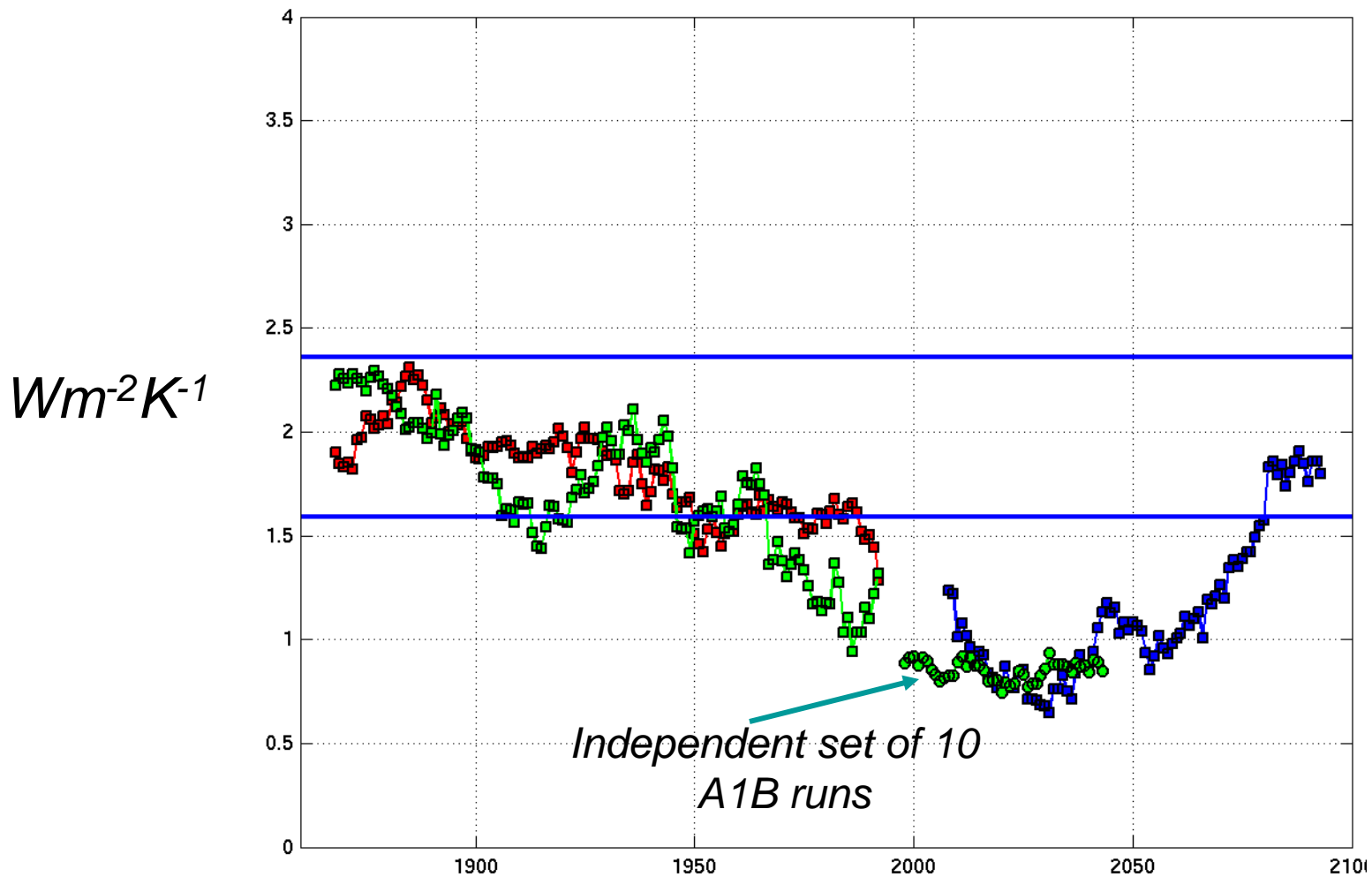
Longwave regression across ensemble



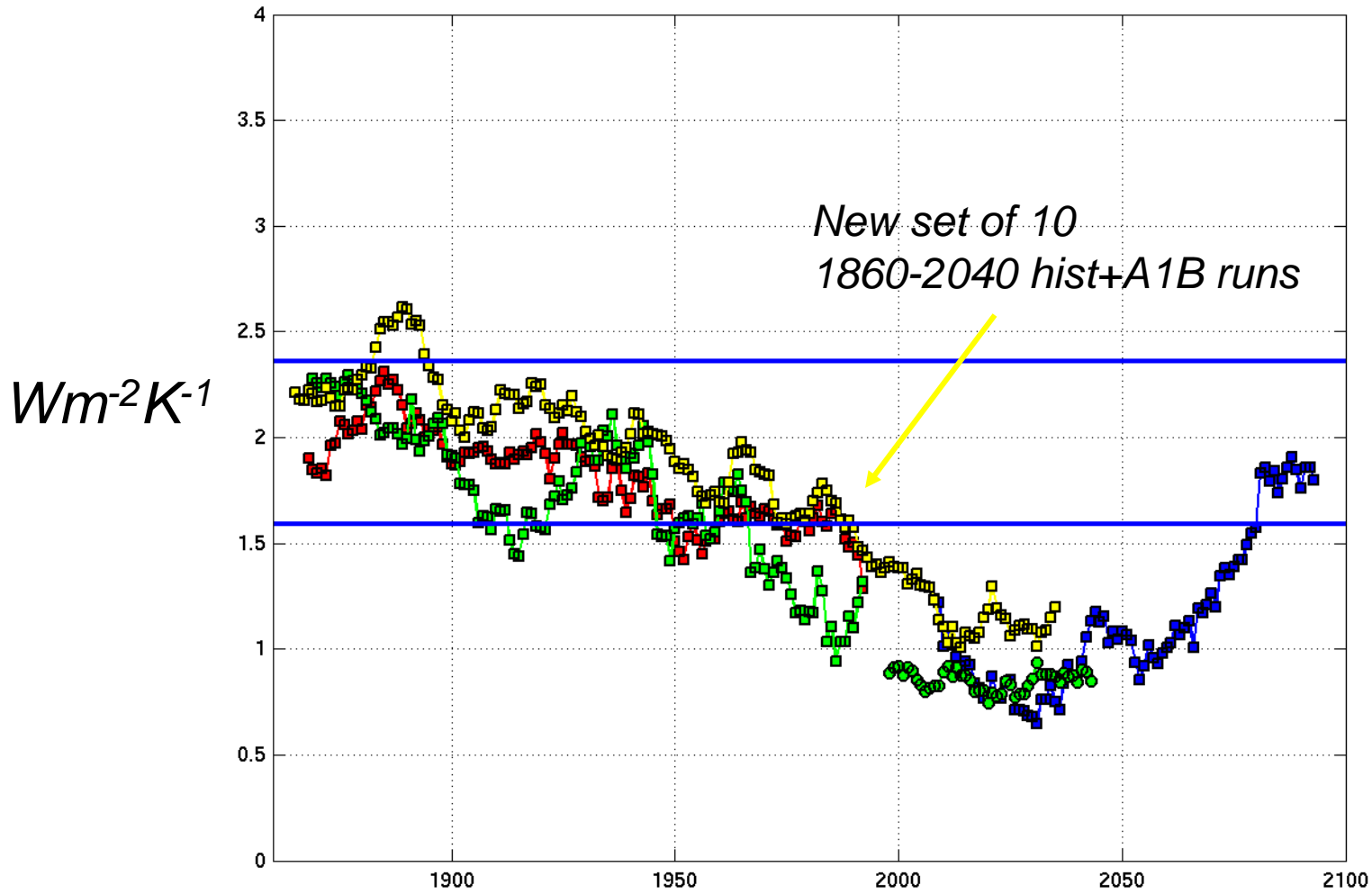
Longwave regression across ensemble



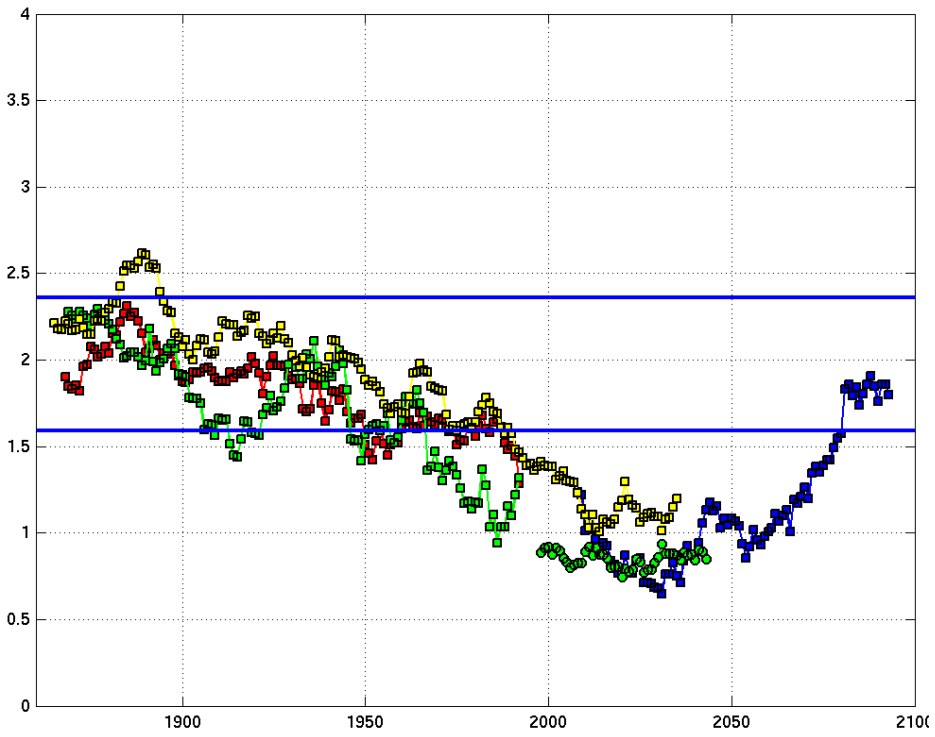
Longwave regression across ensemble



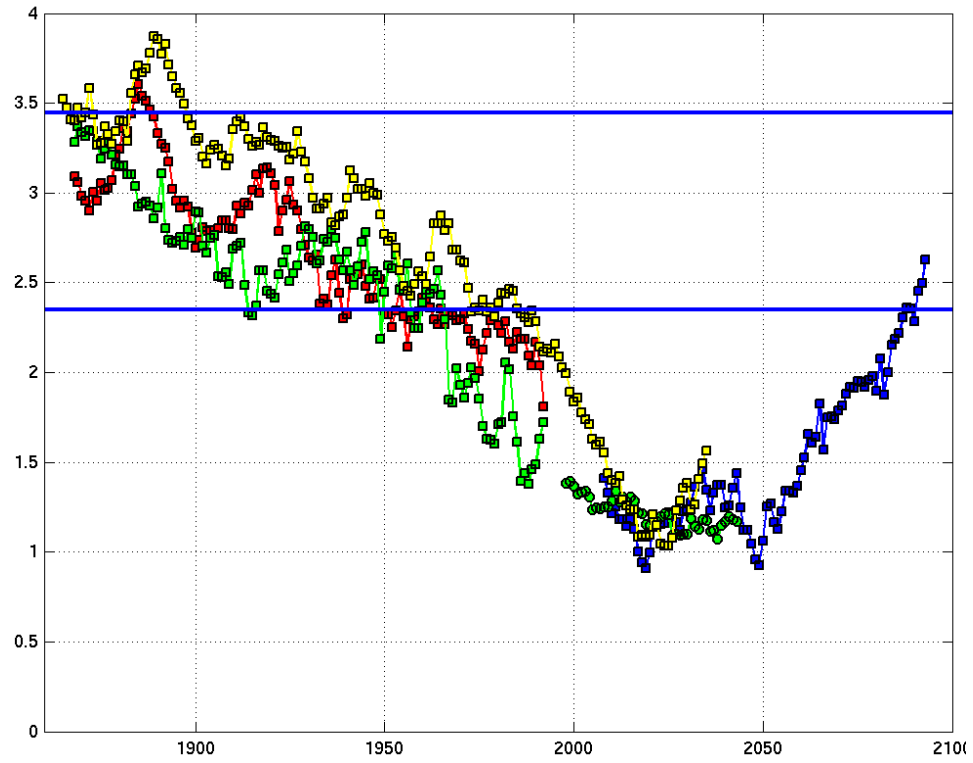
*Longwave regression across ensemble,
following K. Swanson 2008*



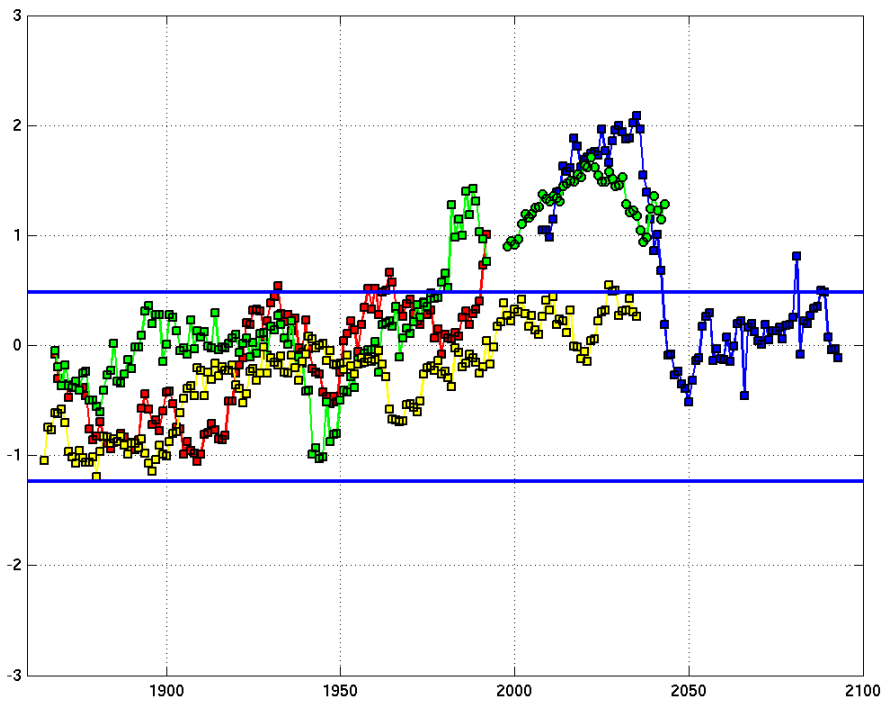
Global mean longwave regression



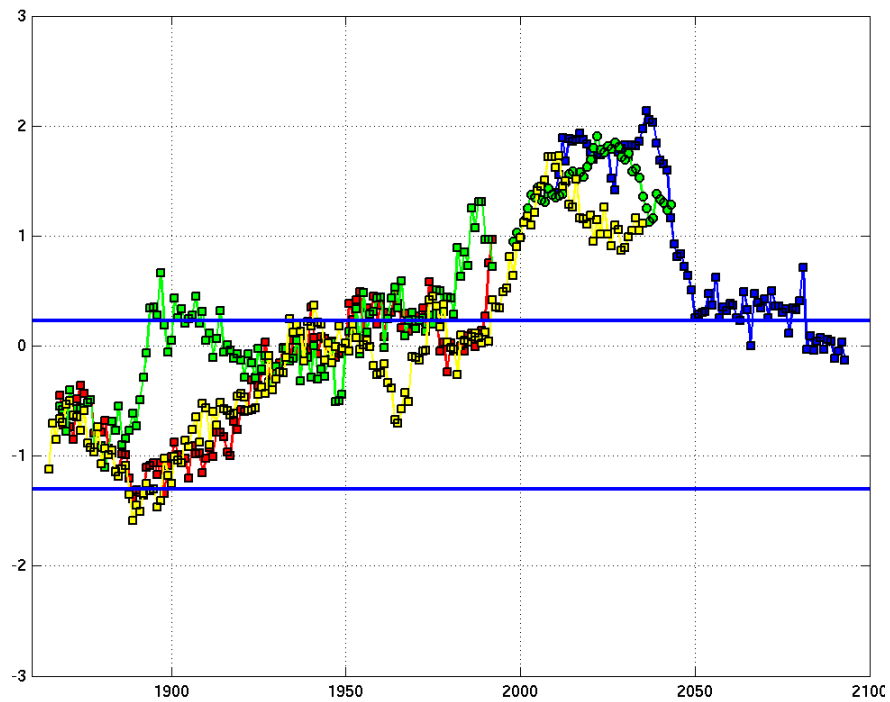
Tropical mean longwave regression

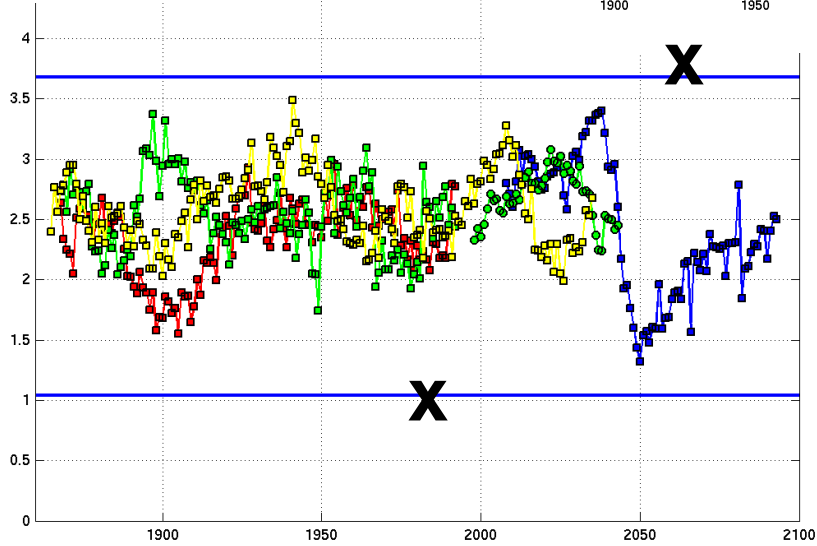
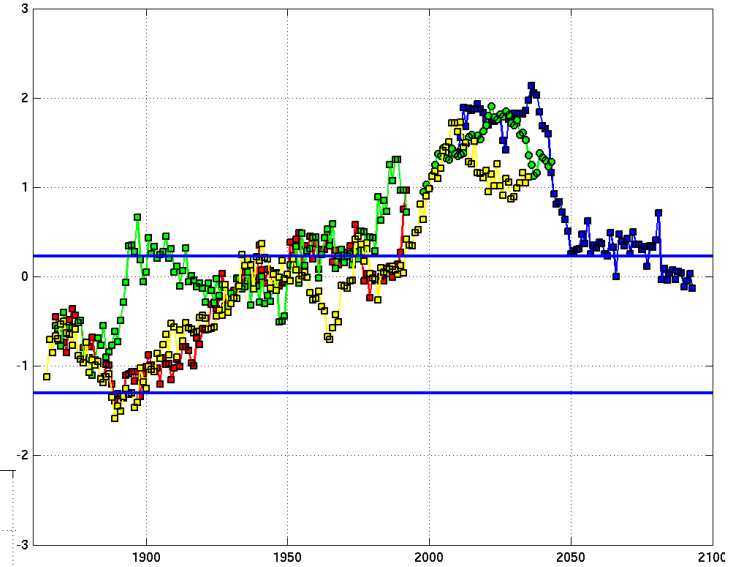
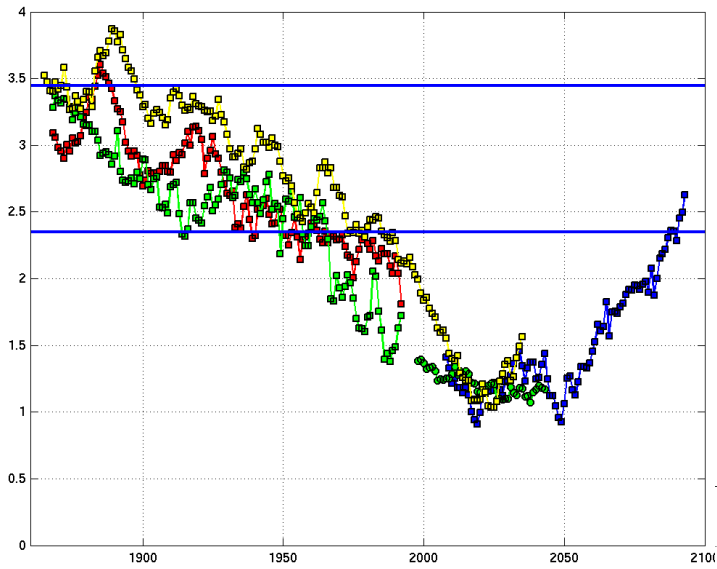


Global mean short wave regression



Tropical mean short wave regression





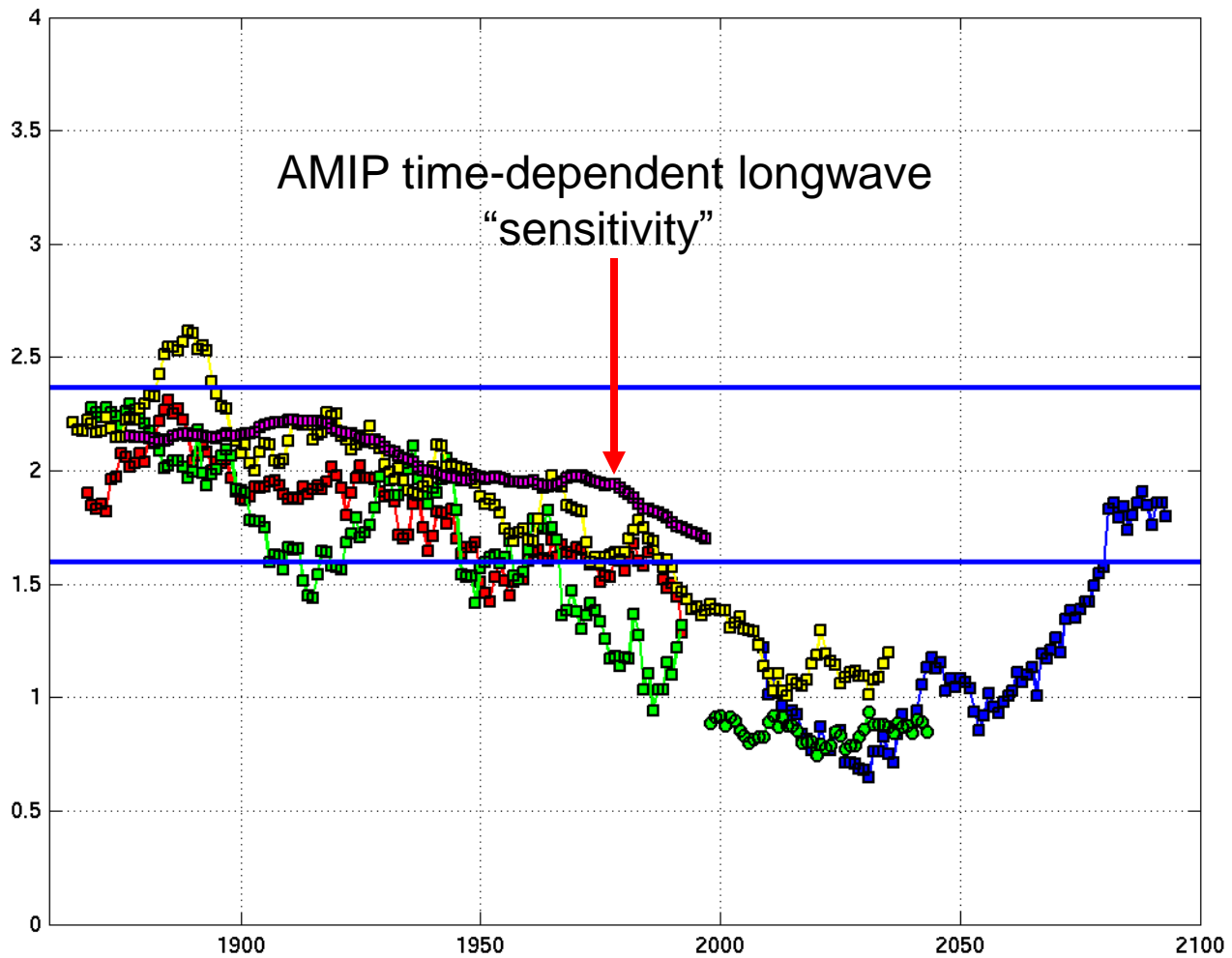
Now take an **AMIP** simulation **with fixed forcing**

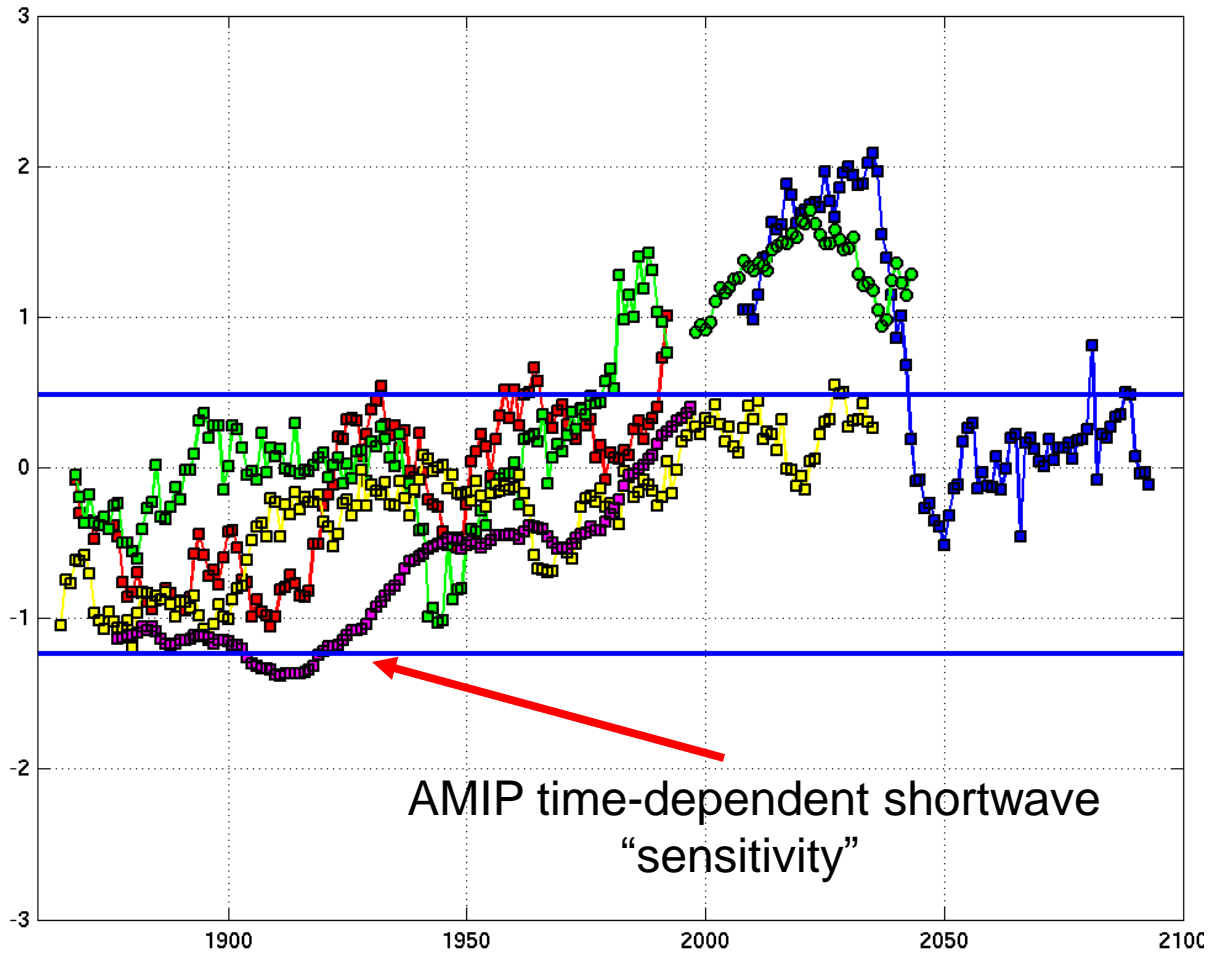
(ideally an ensemble to obtain a smoother result -- here I use 10 runs)

Plot **T(t)** against **L(t)**, **S(t)** (globally or tropically averaged)

Fit these relations with a smooth curve

Differentiate to get **dL/dT**, **dS/dT** as a function of time





AMIP time-dependent shortwave
"sensitivity"